Willowood, LLC

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Willowood Clethodim 2EC

Section 1. Identification

: Willowood Clethodim 2EC
: Clethodim
: Not available.
: Cyclohexanedione oxime herbicide
: 87290-11
: WARNING
: Liquid.
the substance or mixture and uses advised against
: Herbicide.
: Willowood, LLC 385 Interlocken Cresent Suite 240, Broomfield, CO 80021 Tel: 877-679-9963

Emergency telephone	: CHEMTREC, U.S.: 1-800-424-9300 International: +1-703-527-3887
number (with hours of	24/7 Health Emergencies: Call 800-858-7378 (National Pesticide Information Center)
operation)	

Operations@WillowoodUSA.com

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: H227 - Combustible liquid. H302 - Harmful if swallowed. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

- H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. P210 - Keep away from flames and hot surfaces No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P261 - Avoid breathing vapor. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P272 (OSHA) - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	 P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. P301 + P312 + P330 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. P302 + P352 + P363 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
Storage	 P405 - Store locked up. P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place. P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Chemical name	: Clethodim
Other means of identification	: Cyclohexanedione oxime herbicide

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
propyl]-3-hydroxy-	≥50 - ≤75 ≥25 - ≤50 ≥3 - ≤3.2 ≥1 - ≤2.1	64742-94-5 99129-21-2 95-63-6 91-20-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may

Section 4. First aid measures

	need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/e	ffects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>ets</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
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Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Indication of immediate med	lica	I attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

<u>Extinguishing media</u>	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet or water-based fire extinguishers.



be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.



Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Heavy Arom. 2-Cyclohexen-1-one, 2-[(1E)-1-[[[(2E)-3-chloro-2-propen-1-yl]oxy]imino] propyl]-5-[2-(ethylthio)propyl]-3-hydroxy- 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	None. None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours.
Naphthalene	TWA: 125 mg/m ³ 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 52 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 10 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 75 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.
ndividual protection measu	<u>ires</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Suspension. Viscous liquid.]
Color	: Amber.
Odor	: Slight
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: 4.35
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: >60.7°C (>141.3°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.



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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not available.
: 0.9648
: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Naphthalene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Heavy Arom.	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 µl	-
Naphthalene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	495 mg	-

Sensitization

There is no data available.

Mutagenicity

There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity



Section 11. Toxicological information

Classification	_					
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP			
Naphthalene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.			
Reproductive toxicity						
There is no data available.						
Teratogenicity						
There is no data available.						
Specific target organ toxicit	<u>y (single ex</u>	<u>posure)</u>		1		
Name				Category		Target organs
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene				Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
Specific target organ toxicit	y (repeated	exposure)				
There is no data available.						
Aspiration hazard						
Name					Res	ult
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Heavy	/ Arom.				ASPIF	RATION HAZARD - Category 1
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Dermal of	contact. Eye	e contact	. Inhalation. Ir	ngesti	on.
Potential acute health effects	<u>.</u>					
Eye contact	: No know	n significar	nt effects	or critical haz	ards.	
Inhalation	: No know	n significar	nt effects	or critical haz	ards.	
Skin contact	-	se an allerg	-	eaction.		
Ingestion	: Harmful	if swallowe	d.			
Symptoms related to the phy	sical, chem	ical and to	<u>xicologi</u>	cal character	istics	<u>></u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness					
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Delayed and immediate effec	ts and also	chronic ef	fects fro	m short and	long	<u>term exposure</u>
Short term exposure						
Potential immediate effects	: No know	n significar	nt effects	or critical haz	ards.	
Potential delayed effects	: No know	n significar	nt effects	or critical haz	ards.	
Long term exposure						
Potential immediate effects	: No know	n significar	nt effects	or critical haz	ards.	
Potential delayed effects		n significar	nt effects	or critical haz	ards.	
Potential chronic health effe						
General	: Once se very low		severe a	llergic reactior	n may	occur when subsequently exposed to

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Willowood Clethodim 2EC

Section 11. Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Route	ATE value	
Oral Inhalation (vapors)	1739.7 mg/kg 600 mg/L	

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-Cyclohexen-1-one, 2-[(1E)-1-[[(2E) -3-chloro-2-propen-1-yl]oxy]imino] propyl]-5-[2-(ethylthio)propyl] -3-hydroxy-	Acute EC50 22.8676 mg/L Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 20.2 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 19 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.94 ppm	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.01 ppm	Fish - Pimephales promelas	32 days
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 µg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus pectenicrus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7720 µg/L Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Naphthalene	Acute EC50 1600 µg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2350 µg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 213 µg/L Fresh water	Fish - Melanotaenia fluviatilis - Larvae	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.5 mg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Uca pugnax - Adult	3 weeks
	Chronic NOEC 1.5 mg/L Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus	60 days

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Heavy Arom.	2.8 to 6.5	99 to 5780	high
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene Naphthalene	3.63 3.4	243 36.5 to 168	low low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.



Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS #		Reference number
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Listed	U165

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	NA1993	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (1,2, 4-Trimethylbenzene, Naphthalene)	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	Ш	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

DOT-RQ Details Additional information	:	Naphthalene	100 lbs / 45.4 kg
DOT Classification	:	regulated as hazardous materials in quantity. <u>Reportable quantity</u> 5000 lbs / 227	ual to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not package sizes less than the product reportable 70 kg [621.55 gal / 2352.8 L]. Package sizes product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ requirements.
Special precautions for user	:		: always transport in closed containers that are rsons transporting the product know what to do in

AERG : 128

Willowood Clethodim 2EC

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined. Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Naphthalene Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Acetaldehyde; Naphthalene
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
SARA 302/304	
Composition/information	on ingredients
No products were found.	
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.
<u>SARA 311/312</u>	
Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Composition/information	on ingredients

Classification Name Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Heavy Arom. ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 2-Cyclohexen-1-one, 2-[(1E)-1-[[((2E)-3-chloro-2-propen-1-yl]oxy] ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 imino]propyl]-5-[2-(ethylthio)propyl]-3-hydroxy-SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 2 Naphthalene ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number
Form R - Reporting requirements	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene Naphthalene	95-63-6 91-20-3
Supplier notification	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene Naphthalene	95-63-6 91-20-3

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts	he following components are listed: Naphthalene; 1,2,4-Ti	rimethylbenzene
New York	he following components are listed: Naphthalene	
New Jersey	he following components are listed: Naphthalene; 1,2,4-Ti	imethylbenzene

Section 15. Regulatory information

Pennsylvania

: The following components are listed: Naphthalene; 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Acetaldehyde, Naphthalene, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4	On basis of test data
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3	Calculation method

History

Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy	: 07/30/2018
Date of previous issue	: 02/01/2017
Version	: 3
Prepared by	: KMK Regulatory Services Inc.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

